

A champion brave, alert and strong... To aid the right, oppose the wrong.

[No. 90.]

**✂** An officer from the front reports that the news of the nomination of McClellan was well received in the army—it was the rebel army however.



## The Daily Union Vedette.

MONDAY MORNING, OCT. 17, 1864.

WANTED.—A girl, to do general housework for a family in the City. Apply at the U. S. Commissary Storehouse.

### The Prophets of Old—The Profits of Latter Days.

We have, now and then, heretofore expressed our opinions of the late "Farmers' Convention," brought into existence by the Prophets of the Church hereabouts, and have tried to show that Bro. Brigham had made a mistake in seeking to prevent the sale of grain, etc.

Whether it was that our early education was neglected or from whatever cause, we neglected to quote what Solomon said on this subject. We either did not know, or failed to remember the Wise man of early times had so pertinently expressed pretty much the same judgment on this sort of thing as we. A friend of ours, however, who is deeply versed in scriptural knowledge, and who, unlike us, reads oftener his Bible than the "Army Regulations," the other day bid us read what Solomon says in 26th Verse of the 11th Chapter of the Book of Proverbs. We turned to the place, and lo! here is what we read:

"He that withholdeth the corn, (or grain?) the people shall curse him, but blessing shall be upon the head of him that selleth it."

It pains us excruciatingly to bring the old prophets and the new into collision (we speak without irreverence), but Solomon's head was so clear on most subjects, that we desire to commend his words to the people. Who knows but that, with prophetic eye "the Preacher" foresaw what Brigham would be trying to do in these Latter Days, and thundered his anathemas against the doing of it.

If we have to accept prophecy old and new, we have no hesitation in giving in our adhesion to Solomon in preference to Brigham. At all events there is a decided difference between them. Choose ye, therefore, oh! children of Zion, under which king ye will serve.

### Indian War on the Plains.

From private dispatches received on Saturday, we learn that Col. Chivington of the Colorado Volunteers, had a fight with the Indians on Friday last, and succeeded in killing twelve of them. The fight occurred on the Overland stage route, at midway between Cottonwood Springs and Fort Kearney, about sixty-five miles west of the latter place. Whether any of the volunteers were killed or not is unknown, but as the telegram is silent on that point, it is presumed that no casualties occurred on their side. These Indians seem determined not to cease their depredations, nor will they, until they get severely punished, a consummation most devoutly to be wished.

We notice as we pass through the Camp, daily evidences of the good intentions and earnest determination on the part of many of our discharged soldiers in making preparations for traveling, by their purchases of good substantial wagons, with teams of two and four horses, mules and oxen. Such investments of money by soldiers leaving the service, speaks well for the men of this command, and not only tends to substantiate what has often been noted of them—that the soldiers at Camp Douglas as a class are, and have been, an exception to all others that have ever come under our observation. We bid good bye on Saturday, to nine men of Company A, 3rd Infantry, C. V., as they left the city for California. They filled the Overland coach; and we hear from Mr. Stein, the Agent, that fifty more of the men have spoken for passage to California. We wish them all a pleasant journey and a warm greeting from their California friends—they are worthy of it.

## BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

(SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.)

### From different Correspondents.

New York, Oct. 13th.

The Tribune's correspondent with Butler writes, that evidences of the exhaustion and disorganization of the rebels seem greatly on the increase. Over 50 deserters came into these headquarters to-day, and report that there is extensive dissatisfaction among those left behind. Six of the crew of the iron-clad Virginia, arrived here this morning.

A special to the Tribune from Washington the 12th, says: General Banks is in town, but it is said to be uncertain as to his future movements. Rumor continues to couple his name with a place in the Cabinet, but those most likely to know, discredit any further changes during Lincoln's present term.

The Tribune's special dated Headquarters Army of the James river, Oct. 10th, says: Unbroken quiet prevails along the entire line to-day, except that the enemy have been unusually active in shelling our works at Dutch Gap without effect for upwards of an hour. Late this afternoon heavy cannonading has been heard in the direction of Petersburg, but I am not apprised of what it amounted to.

The World's correspondent with Sheridan, says of the last victory over the rebel cavalry: The victory was one of the most complete ever won. Among the guns captured was the famous Baltimore battery with its gunners. The prisoners captured are mostly from the best class in the rebel army. Some of them accuse their commanders of cowardice. Several officers are among them.

A special to the Tribune, says of the Pennsylvania election, that there is a prospect of a small Union majority on the home vote, but it may be the other way.

The World does not make any claim to the State whatever, but it has a dispatch from Philadelphia the 12th, which says the Democrats have carried the State by from 6 to 10,000 majority on the home vote.

### From Canada.

New York, Oct. 12th.

The World's special from Montreal the 12th, says: A resolution passed to-day in Conference affirming the Confederation of the Provinces.

### Further Election News.

Baltimore, Oct. 12th.

The election to-day for Mayor, resulted as follows: Chapman, regular candidate, 11,334. Sterling, independent, 3,284. The new Constitution has a majority of 7,581. This majority will restore to Maryland the soldier's vote, and secure the adoption of the new Constitution.

Philadelphia, Oct. 12th.

From returns received, Forney's Press claims a Republican majority from 3 to 5,000. Possibly later returns may reduce it. The present appearances indicate a Republican gain of three Congressmen.

The Age estimates from the returns of forty-one counties, show a gain of 13,000. Twenty-five counties yet to hear from.

Philadelphia, Oct. 12th.

The North American says the State has gone Republican by a majority from 5,000 on the home vote. The Legislature will be largely Republican.

Indianapolis, Oct. 12th.

In forty-five counties the Union majority is over 20,000. The balance to be heard from may increase the majority probably 5,000. There is a small Union majority in both branches of the Legislature. The Congressmen are all Union except the 2d, 1st and 7th. The two latter districts are doubtful, and are claimed by both parties.

Philadelphia, Oct. 13th.

The reported majority for forty-three counties show a Union majority of 8,672. In the remaining twenty-three counties,

the vote last year gave a Union majority of 18,43. If we allow the total falling off in the Union vote of 8,000 in the counties to be heard from, there will still be a Union majority on the home vote alone of 2,515.

The Age claims a gain of 20,000 on Curtin's vote, and says that the Democrats will have a majority on the home vote of 5,000. The footing up of the table of the reported Democratic gains, show a total so far of 14,232 in forty-seven counties.

Philadelphia, Oct. 13th.

The 12th Congressional district gives 1,600 Democratic majority, which was before reported at 2,000.

The Republicans claim the election of Ketchum to Congress by the soldier's vote.

Baltimore, Oct. 13th.

Scattering returns from counties coming in, indicate that the vote on the new Constitution is so close that the soldiers' vote will probably be required to determine the result.

### From Nashville.

Nashville, Oct. 12th.

Colonel Hodge, of Washburn's command, with 1200 infantry and a battery of four guns on board of three transports was conveyed by two gunboats at 3 o'clock in the afternoon on the 10th instant, and met the enemy under Forrest, at Eastport, with two batteries in position, and was repulsed with the loss of twenty killed, and twenty-six wounded and missing. All the guns of the battery were lost. Two of the transports were disabled, and two caissons burst by explosion. Forrest is supposed to have crossed the river. Hodge with the balance of his command had reached Johnsonville.

New York, Oct. 13th.

By the Cahawba from New Orleans the 5th: The Louisiana Legislature was in session.

The Mobile Advertiser is agitating the subject of employing slaves as soldiers. No military news.

Washington, Oct. 13th.

The Secretary of the Treasury has authorized the transfer to the Navy Department the revenue brig Fountleroy at San Francisco, and which the latter Department were to arm, equip and fit out thoroughly for service with engineer Bulkley's telegraphic expedition on the northern coasts of America and Russia.

Chief Justice Taney died on Wednesday evening, aged 87.

New York, Oct. 13th.

At the dry-goods auction sales to-day (Peabody Bros) brown sheetings brought 29 against 26 1-2a27 two weeks ago, and Rocky Pond 31 1-2 against 28 1-2. Fancy printed cloakings 18 3-4a19. Melton cassimers, all wool, from \$1 to \$5 and \$1 to \$15.

New York, Oct. 13th.

The Richmond Whig has a dispatch from Augusta, which says: The reported capture of Rome with 3,000 negroes is confirmed. The Yankees destroyed all the stores and two squares in the business part of the town. Gen. Wheeler dashed into Marietta and burned a block of storehouses. The yellow fever still prevails at Charleston.

St. Louis, Oct. 13th.

The Radical Union Convention in the 1st Congressional District, yesterday nominated Chas. P. Johnson for Congress.

Rosecranz and a portion of his staff left for the front last night.

Cairo, Oct. 13th.

The Montgomery (Ala.) Appeal confesses there is an uneasy feeling prevailing in the popular mind, engendered by the belief that there is an under current prevailing in the South in favor of a reconstruction, and says this subject is talked of in private circles and discussed in public assemblies, and there are a few who have the tenacity to avow themselves in favor of this method of closing

the war. Some sort of reconstruction is spoken of by some and another sort by others. It is evident that no concentration of ideas on the subject can be had, and such being the fact the consequences of such discussions can result only in evil.

New York, Oct. 13th.

Mexican gentlemen, it is said, who recently arrived at Havana en route to New York, bearing from Emperor Maximilian letters to the Mexican Gen. Dabado, now in this city, guaranteed to them safe conduct to the Mexican Capital.

A City of Mexico letter, dated 28th, says: The war is now virtually at an end. A large body of Republican forces had been routed not far from Durango, which was led by Gen. Ortega, and who has managed thus far to prolong its existence. Only a few bands of guerrillas remain to keep up a semblance of war. Some French regiments are only waiting the arrival of transports to carry them back to France.

The Orleans Picayune of the 4th says: We learn by the schooner Glaner from Matamoras 22d, that Matamoras was not taken, up to that time. Cortinas had 1,000 men there, ready to meet the French expected from Monterey.

The Herald's Newbern letter says: The fever is still raging violently, and numerous deaths are reported.

Several escaped prisoners from Andersonville, who arrived at Newbern, say that over 100 escaped the same night with them. The refugees arrived from Wilmington are mostly females.

The London Times' correspondent from Nankin, subsequent to the capture, says that Nankin will now be open to foreign trade—to the subjects of England, France and America, who will enjoy equal privileges.

New York, Oct. 14th.

The World in biasing its assertion on the figures it has thus far received from Pennsylvania, says: The Democrats will probably obtain a majority of 5,000 on the home vote.

The Tribune figures out over 3,000 Union majority on the home vote.

The Times' special says: That by the arrivals this morning by the mail boat from City Point, it is reported that the rebels yesterday evening attempted to pierce our lines by an attack on the center of the 2d corps, but were repulsed.

Cincinnati, Oct. 14th.

The Union majority in Ohio on the home vote is about 35,000. The soldiers vote will probably increase it to 85,000. Seventeen Union Congressmen are certainly elected.

Cape Race, Oct. 14th.

By the Caledonia from Glasgow the 5th: The political news is unimportant. The prize fight between Mace and Coburn is postponed.

Baltimore, Oct. 14th.

The returns of the Constitutional election which have come in show the result to be doubtful. The friends of emancipation think it will be adopted by a small majority, unless the slave holding counties shall give a larger majority than is anticipated.

A party of guerrillas captured a westward bound train on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad last night, robbed the passengers and burned the cars.

Philadelphia, Oct. 14th.

The official Union majority in this city is 7,341.

New York, Oct. 14th.

The Richmond papers say that the battle on Friday created great excitement. All business was suspended, and everybody worked on the fortifications. Even the schools were closed.

The Enquirer—after speaking of the need of troops—urges the taking of men everywhere and of every occupation, by force.

St. Louis, Oct. 14th.

Price's headquarters is still reported to be at Boonville. Shelby and Gen. Clark are north of the Missouri river pillaging and conscripting. Our garrison evacuated Fulton. Sturgeon is at Glasgow. Fayette is concentrating at Macon City. Clark's men occupied Glasgow and robbed Fulton. Price made a speech at Boonville stating that he came to redeem the people; that it was his last effort in their behalf, and if they would rally to his standard, all would be well and he would remain with them. If not, the Confederacy would not again offer them an opportunity for redeeming them from their woes.

A dispatch from Major Williams dated Kansas the 10th, says: He has taken possession of Pilot Knob and the surrounding region. He found 215 wounded rebels there, including 26 commissioned officers. The evidence is conclusive that the rebels lost 1500 in killed and wounded in their attack on Pilot Knob.

Gen. Rosecranz has issued stringent orders for the government of the coming election.

Washington, Oct. 14th.

Returns from twenty-four Pa. regiments gave 3,350 Union, and 550 Democratic votes.

A gang of Mosby's guerrillas in strong force, yesterday attacked our outer pickets. The 2d Dist. Columbia regiment, stationed at White Plain, on the Manassas road, with a guard of eight men, were captured, with the officer in command, who was shot in several places and abandoned to his fate.

New York, Oct. 14th.

A Baltimore dispatch of the 14th, says a small body of Mosby's guerrillas crossed the Potomac into Montgomery county, Md., during the last 24 hours. Some penetrated as far as Adamstown. Today it is said they were driven back. The number was said to be 300.

A Washington dispatch says no doubt is entertained among the friends of ex-Secretary Chase that he will be appointed Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States.

Baltimore, Oct. 14th.

Returns from the Constitution vote are very incomplete. Adding expected majorities to those already received, there appears to be a majority of 300 against the new Constitution. It is thought the soldiers' vote will reverse the result, which cannot be known before to-morrow.

St. Louis, Oct. 14th.

J. P. Sanderson, Col. 13th Reg. Inf., of the Provost Marshal General's Department, Mo., died at noon to-day.

Rosecranz reached Jefferson City to-night. No definite news of the enemy. At last accounts Price's train was on the Lamine river, with his main force near by. Whether he would move westward or southward was unknown. The depots at Syracuse and Otterville, on the Pacific Railroad, were burned by the rebels as they moved westward. Telegraphic communication is open to Rolla. Gen. Smith's command was at Jefferson City Wednesday morning, going west.

New York, Oct. 14th.

The dry goods market is higher, especially on cotton fabrics. Jobbers are doing a fair business.

Halifax, Oct. 15th.

By the Hecla from Liverpool the 4th. Mace's representative announced in London that the fight was put off for the present. Coburn was on the field and greeted with tremendous cheers by an immense crowd. Mace did not make his appearance. It is stated that Coburn will claim the stakes. Another report is, that the matter stands over for adjudication by the stake holders until the 7th.

St. Louis, Oct. 15th.

Price's rear guard left Boonville night before last, marching toward Lexington. Our cavalry advance under Sanborn is said to have been repulsed at Piggab, Cooper county, on Wednesday, but is since reported at Sodalita on the Pacific railroad.

Great excitement exists in Kansas. The militia were called out to repel in-



vasion. Thirty Germans were killed at a German settlement in Lafayette county on the 13th, by rebels under Poole and Todd.

New York, Oct. 15th.

The Herald's 10th corps correspondent, says: The rebels are busy throwing up a new line of works across the Central road about a mile outside of their main line enclosing the city.

The Times' 5th corps correspondent at the Weldon railroad on the 13th, says: The recent engagement resulted in nothing more than the holding of our picket line, which was seriously threatened. The firing was sharp and severe, while the artillery fire became at times very heavy. Very few casualties occurred. Large numbers of convalescents and recruits are constantly arriving. They appear to be of a hardy and intelligent class of men.

New York, Oct. 15.

Herald's correspondent with Gregg's cavalry says: A reconnaissance was made by 250 men of the 10th Pa., on the night of the 11th, to ascertain the strength of the enemy in the vicinity of Stony Creek Station on the south side of the railroad. They passed the rebel picket line, capturing thirteen prisoners, several mules and horses and returned without loss. The rebel force at Stony Creek was found to be 7,000 infantry and cavalry, under Wade and Hampton.

New York, Oct. 15.

Herald's Martinsburg correspondent, 14th, says that Mosby made a most audacious successful attack upon the westward-bound express train ten miles east of this place, at a place known as Quincy Siding. The engine was thrown from the track. Two paymasters and several other officers were captured, with over \$200,000 of Government funds. The passengers were robbed of money and valuables. The cars were set on fire and all the property burned. The engineer and a fireman were badly scalded. Their recovery is doubtful.

Herald's 5th corps correspondent says the total loss in that corps in the Poplar Grove fight was 2,031, of whom 1,521 are missing.

Gen. Butler is becoming convinced that our negro soldiers are put at work in rebel intrenchments. He has notified the rebel authorities that he has also put rebel officers and soldiers at work on the Dutch Gap Canal, and has proposed an exchange of Naval prisoners, and transmitted statements of our officers that colored troops had been murdered after their capture by rebel regiments, in front of the army of the James.

A letter, purporting to have been written by the rebel Vice President (Stevens), in reply to a letter from several of his fellow citizens, is published, and says that no person more ardently desires the end of this war than he does, but it is not in his power nor theirs to bring it about. He says a recognition of the sovereignty of the States is the only solution of trouble. The idea of maintaining the old Union or any union by force is preposterous. Subjugation of the South by the North would involve destruction of the Constitution and the overthrow of their liberties as well as ours. Any peace growing out of the Union of States established by force, would be as ruinous to them as to us. The action of the Chicago Convention, so far as its platform of principles goes, presents a ray of light which under Providence may prove a dawn of day to this long, cheerless night. To a convention of States to adjust our difficulties I have no objection.

Washington, Oct. 15.

Accounts from the Army of the Potomac, continue to represent all quiet along the lines, with the exception of occasional picket firing. Secretary Fessenden and other prominent personages have left Washington for the Army of the Potomac. The remains of Chief Justice Taney were accompanied to the railroad train to-day by President Lincoln and several members of the Cabinet. The body will be conveyed to Frederick, Md., for interment.

Chattanooga, Oct. 18.

Gen. Schofield arrived here to-day and assumed the general direction of affairs. The enemy is reported in force at Dalton. Col. Johnson, of the 44th U. S. colored, was making a determined defence at Chattanooga. He is strongly fortified and amply supplied with troops to make a practical and successful defence. Sherman is close on Hood's rear.

New York, Oct. 15th.

The Herald's special says: The majority against the Constitution in Maryland, is at least 5,000.

The Tribune's Army of the James' special of the 11th, says: Our gunboats

and a shore battery, to-day succeeded in silencing a rebel battery on the south side of the James, with which they had recently been able to throw shells into Dutch Gap to annoy our working parties. The work on the canal is rapidly approaching completion, and promises to prove a success. Matters in front are without material change.

By the arrival of a supply steamer from Pensacola, we have particulars of Gen. Ashboth's expedition in Florida. He returned to Pensacola on the 1st instant, having been completely successful. He brought in over 90 prisoners, 400 negroes, 400 head of cattle, 400 mules, a large amount of stores and ammunition. Ashboth received a wound which will probably occasion the amputation of his arm.

Gen. Dabado states that a document from Maximilian guaranteeing him safe conduct to the city of Mexico, was obtained without his knowledge. It was immediately declined and returned.

The Polish government has just issued a Proclamation disclosing the fact that the revolution is still in progress.

The Richmond Examiner, says: All the Yankee prisoners at Belle Island, Libby Prison, and intermediate Posts, have been removed south. The whole number now at Richmond of sick and well, is not 600.

The Whig says: Two hundred rebels who had deserted to Grant, had returned under Lee's order pardoning and furloughing them.

The Examiner says, that Sheridan's damages to the railroad has been repaired, and trains now run to Staunton. The same paper has an account of a fight with a North Carolina rebel battery and several Yankee gunboats, and claim that the gunboats were repulsed.

#### ELOPEMENT AND STABBING AFFRAY.

The Stockton Independent, of Friday, gives a romantic and tragic account of an elopement case. A man named Jones became attached to a Miss Short, and the old folks objected to the knot being tied on account of Jones' politics—he being an "abolitionist." But Jones would not give it up so. He conspired against the rebel father, and concocted an elopement. The Independent finishes the story: Accordingly, on Tuesday evening last a buggy was driven up to the door of Short's house, a low whistle was given, the lady appeared, was seated beside the expected bridegroom, and away they drove. But the alarm soon spread through the baronial halls of the Chateau de Short that the bird had flown, and there was "mounting in hot haste." Jones plied the lash vigorously but to no use, for ere they had gone four miles the smoking steeds of the pursuers were alongside the carriage and their riders, armed with bowie knives, were cutting the harness off the horses. The horses were soon freed from the buggy, which was left in the road, and then a desperate fight for the possession of the young lady ensued, in which Jones was stabbed in the left arm by Short, who bore the lady home again in triumph, Jones has gone to Sacramento, the affair having taken place in that county, where he has ere this in all probability, commenced legal proceedings against Short for the violent wounds inflicted upon him, which are more severe than serious.

The man who thinks it necessary to be always testing his friends, couldn't stand being tested himself.

It is an important part of a good education to be able to bear politely with the want of it in others.

#### PRICE OF GOLD.

Coin—190.  
Dust—Virginia, \$31. Boise, \$28

#### DIED.

At Camp Douglas, Oct. 15th, of Typhoid Fever, Mrs. Mary Morris, relict of the late Joseph Morris, of Morrisville fame.

#### Notice.

Jordan Silver Mining Company,  
West Mountain Mining Dist. U. T.

NOTICE is hereby given, that in accordance with the laws of California (under which the Company is incorporated) and the By-Laws of the Company, there will be sold at public auction, on Wednesday, the 14th day of October, 1864, at 3 o'clock P. M., at the Secretary's Office (Telegraph Office) Great Salt Lake City, so many shares of the capital stock of the Company, standing in the names of the following persons, as will be necessary to pay all assessments due thereon, together with costs of advertising and sale:

| No. of Cert's. | No. of Shares. | Ass'ts. | Amount. |
|----------------|----------------|---------|---------|
| Daniel McLean, | 272            | 20      | 2,345.6 |
| N. B. Eldred,  | 273            | 20      | 2,345.6 |
| L. Washburn,   | 234            | 5       | 4.56    |
| R. H. Willard, | 263            | 1       | 4.56    |
| unknown,       | 222-230        | 7       | 6       |
|                |                |         | 17 50   |

By order of the Board of Trustees.  
GEO. W. CARLETON,  
Secretary.

The above sale is postponed to November Twelfth next. GEO. W. CARLETON, Sec'y.  
GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, Oct. 3d, '64. o15

#### A HORSE LOST,

ON Wednesday night last, from Camp Douglas, U. T. The said horse is between three and four years old, and has three white feet. Any person who will give me information that will lead to his recovery, or deliver him to me, shall be liberally rewarded.  
oct15-2t THEO. GARLICK, Co. 1, 3d Infy.

JAS. G. SPRATT, JNO. N. TODD, M. BRANHAM,  
Va. City, M. T., S. L. City, U. T. St. Louis, Mo.

Spratt, Todd & Branham

Att'ys and Counsellors at Law.  
Agents for the sale of Quartz Claims, and General Collectors of Debts.

Office over T. D. Brown's, G. S. L. City.  
Refer to Scott, Kerr & Co., Clark & Co., Bankers.  
oct15-1f

#### ASSAY OFFICE

Dr. O. H. Congar,  
Mansion House, Great Salt Lake City.  
Gold and Silver Bullion and ores of every description carefully assayed, and the correctness of all assays guaranteed. o7-1mptf

#### CALIFORNIA HOTEL.

State Street, Salt Lake City,  
One and a-half blocks south of Theater.

THE subscriber having leased, re-modeled and fitted up in good style the house of E. M. East, is now fully prepared to accommodate any number of guests with first class

Boarding and Lodging.  
The table will be always supplied with the Best the market affords.

37 Pleasant rooms, clean and comfortable beds, etc. H. HOPPY, Proprietor. o14tf

#### SALT LAKE HOUSE.

East Temple Street.....Salt Lake City.

THIS LARGE AND EXCELLENT HOTEL HAS BEEN open so long to the public, that it is unnecessary for the proprietor to give it any recommendation, except that it has lately been re-modeled and re-fitted with extensive additions, has First Class accommodations, good, clean Beds, and Tables supplied with the BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS.

In connection with the House is a BAR always furnished with the choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.  
s26tf F. LITTLE, Proprietor.

#### CITY RESTAURANT.

Main Street, (opposite U. S. Subsistence Store-house,) Salt Lake City.

The Subscribers having fitted up, in elegant style, this

NEW RESTAURANT,  
And made it NEAT AND COMPLETE

In all its apartments and arrangements, are determined so to keep it that those patronizing them will find no fault. The Tables will always be supplied with the

Best the Market Affords.  
s27tf ANTONIO & BAKER, Pro'rs.

#### NEW GOODS

IN A

#### FEW DAYS.

#### WE ARE SELLING

AT VERY

#### REDUCED FIGURES

To make room, for the

#### Immense Stock

WE HAVE

ON THE ROAD.

WALKER BROS.

#### GILBERT & SONS,

Main Street, next to Salt Lake House.

#### WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Dealers in

Groceries,  
Provisions,  
Clothing,  
Hardware,  
Crockery,  
Glassware,  
Stationery,  
School Books,

All kinds Preserves, Pie and Can Fruits.

Coats,  
Pants,  
Vests,  
Hats,  
Caps,  
Boots,  
Shoes,  
Gloves,  
Handk'fs,

And a Splendid Assortment of  
GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

Also: a Large and  
WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF  
Dry Goods,

Consisting of  
Silks,  
Lawns,  
Cambrics,  
Calicoes,  
Checks,  
Chambrays,  
Flannels,  
Shawls,  
Ribbons,  
Laces,  
Hose,

And a well selected assortment of  
Fancy, and Toilet Articles,

Such as

Hair Brushes,  
Tooth Brushes,  
Flesh Brushes,  
Nail Brushes,  
Coarse and  
Fine Combs,

And a Choice Selection of  
Pomades and Perfumeries.

Call and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

Remember the place, next door to the Salt Lake House, Main Street, Salt Lake City.

GILBERT & SONS,

#### ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS!

#### N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.

Bags leave to inform the public that they will soon open their

#### NEW STORE,

OPPOSITE THE

#### Overland Stage Line Office,

Where they will offer for sale, one of the

#### Largest

And

Best

Assorted

#### STOCK

OF

#### MERCHANDISE

Ever brought to this City.

We shall have

Everything that is to be Found,

IN A

FIRST CLASS STORE.

We shall also keep the store we now occupy, Where we will always have on hand a

Fine and Well

ASSORTED STOCK

OF

Clothing and Furnishing

Goods.

Liberal Deduction Made

TO

COUNTRY DEALERS.

Flour, Grain and other Produce taken, for which the regular prices will be allowed.

N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.



**VETERAN VOLUNTEERS.**—The Stockton-Independent of October 6th says:

Two companies of volunteers, enlisted in September, 1861, passed through this city yesterday, on their way to San Francisco, where they are to be paid off and discharged, their term of service having expired. Company E, Second Cavalry, under command of Lieutenant Daley, and Company A, Second Infantry, under command of Lieutenant John Shephard, are the companies above mentioned, and have been for some time past stationed at Camp Babbitt, near Visalia. As the Cornelia left her moorings the brave patriots rent the air with three rousing cheers for Lincoln and Johnson; but when some one proposed the same compliment to McClellan, another round was promptly forthcoming, and Copperheads bit their lips on hearing the response. The brave fellows are for Lincoln to a man.

**QUEEN VICTORIA'S NEGRO LOVER.**—Her Majesty is a widow, open of course, to connubial offers. Abyssinians, though negroes, are human beings, capable of love and its various vicissitudes. The present Emperor Theodore, having heard of the widowhood of Queen Victoria, has had a letter written to her offering her his hand. Mr. Cameron, the English Consul, was charged to forward this missive to his sovereign. The reply to so unforeseen an offer not being immediately forthcoming, the Emperor Theodore got angry, and had Mr. Cameron put in chains until his Majesty should have obtained satisfaction for such a want of attention towards him. On hearing of the imprisonment of Mr. Cameron, her Britannic Majesty is said to have decided on replying by a polite refusal, the sending of which by post was more economical than the sending of a special mission to Abyssiniana.—*Daily Flag.*

**A UNION VETERAN.**—James S. Ellison, who resides in our city, is now seventy-six years of age and was in the war of 1812, where he was wounded, and has carried in his body ever since a piece of British lead. He has three sons in the Union army—John I. Ellison, a Captain of cavalry with Lieutenant General Grant; Elijah, his second oldest boy living, is a Brigadier General in Banks' department; and William, the youngest, is a non-commissioned officer in Phil. Sheridan, now in the Valley of the Shenandoah. His son-in-law, Fred. Locke, is also in the army, and was wounded in the battle of the Wilderness, under Grant, having his teeth shot out, but is now under General Warren before Petersburg. A patriotic family record, and the old man fills it out; for he says, while his boys are fighting the rebels in the field, he will fight them at home by voting for Abe Lincoln for President.—*Sac. Union.*

Gen. Butler has adopted a novel method of circulating the President's amnesty proclamation. He sends up kites fluttering hundreds of copies over the rebel camps. The fruits of this unique manœuvre are large numbers of deserters, who declare that they were induced to come over by "A lot o' han' bills that kim down from o' big kite thet scooted over whar we war."—*Bulletin Oct. 6th*

#### DISSOLUTION.

THE Banking firm of POWERS, NEWMAN & CO., has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. Their business will be settled up by their successors, SCOTT, KERR & CO., at their old place of business.

POWERS, NEWMAN & CO.  
S. T. City, Sept. 1st, 1864.

#### VEDETTE G. & S. M. COMPANY

WEST MOUNTAIN MINING DISTRICT, U. T. }  
September 18th, 1864. }  
Notice is hereby given that in accordance with law, and an order of the Board of Trustees made on the second day of September, A. D. 1864; so much of the stock standing in the names of the following shareholders, as will be necessary to pay all delinquent assessments thereon; together with the expenses of advertising and sale, unless previously paid. Will be sold at Auction at the Secretary's office in Salt Lake City on Monday the third day of October next, at 12 o'clock P. M.

| NAMES.             | SHARES. | AM'T.    |
|--------------------|---------|----------|
| C. B. Wait         | 200     | \$100 00 |
| Dan'l McLean       | 200     | 110 00   |
| N. E. Eldred       | 200     | 110 00   |
| W. H. Jehu         | 200     | 110 00   |
| Mrs. D. McLean     | 200     | 110 00   |
| A. L. Bailey       | 200     | 110 00   |
| Mrs. G. B. Ogilvie | 200     | 110 00   |
| Mrs. C. B. Waite   | 175     | 100 00   |
| Titus              | 25      | 12 50    |
| Williamson         | 25      | 12 50    |
| Albert Sinclair    | 200     | 80 00    |
| Arthur Holtz       | 175     | 75 00    |
| Josiah Hosmer      | 100     | 40 00    |
| Dan'l Sullivan     | 150     | 60 00    |
| Appleby            | 25      | 10 00    |
| Francis Honeyman   | 50      | 20 00    |
| Adam Craft         | 150     | 30 00    |
| Amy Frances        | 25      | 5 00     |
| Abraham Harlick    | 25      | 5 00     |
| J. C. Ferguson     | 100     | 20 00    |

H. O. PRATT, Secretary.  
The above sale is postponed to November Twelfth next. H. O. PRATT, Secretary.  
GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, Oct. 3d, 1864.

#### EXCELSIOR GARDENS,

Twelfth Ward, Salt Lake City.  
The Excelsior Gardens and Nursery is now open for the reception of visitors, and supplied with the choicest and finest

**Fruits, Flowers and Plants.**  
Arrangements will be made by next Spring to provide superior accommodations for Picnic parties.

FRANK FOX, Proprietor.

#### PRIVATE BOARDING.

PRIVATE BOARDING may be had at the residence of the undersigned, two blocks west of the Salt Lake House. Prices to suit the times.

Imocet WM. P. APPELEY.

T. B. HELLER. R. F. SNYDER.

#### HELLER & SNYDER,

AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Second South Temple Street, two doors from East Temple Street, (west.)

Will sell at public and private sale, at Ten o'clock every morning, Horses, Wagons, Merchandise, etc. Warehouse for Storage.

Wanted: Produce of all kinds. s101f

#### CHANGE OF TIME.

A. J. OLIVER. H. A. CONOVER. ED. HOUSE.

A. J. OLIVER & CO'S.,

#### Express Line.

Will leave Great Salt Lake City, Utah, for Virginia City, Montana, every Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday over the new cut-off.

Nearest route by

70 Miles---Time---4 Days!

And actually ahead of any other line, twenty-four, to forty-eight hours.

Passengers allowed twenty-five pounds of Baggage in Treasure, or anything they choose to take.

Treasure shipped on the most reasonable terms, and by trustworthy messengers well known to the community at large.

#### STAGES FOR EAST BANNACK

Leave Virginia City on Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Sundays.

Time--Nine Hours.

T. D. BROWN, Agent.

Salt Lake City, Sept. 17th, 1864. s171f

#### UNION LINE,

—FOR—

The Colorado River,

Connecting with Steamer

ESMERALDA and BARGES

Delivering Freight at all the principal places on the River.

No detention of Freight at the mouth of River.

Landing Freight and Passengers

—AT—

La Paz, Lower California.

The well known and fast sailing schooner

W. L. RICHARDSON,

GEORGE GOODRUM, Master,

With Through Bills of Lading,

Having a large portion of her cargo engaged and going on board, will meet with dispatch, and take Freight and Passengers for the above points.

Superior accommodations for passengers. Such an opportunity is seldom offered for parties seeking passage.

For freight or passage, apply to the Capt. on board, Commercial Street Wharf, or to

WM. R. WADSWORTH & SON,

403 Front Street, San Francisco.

#### FREIGHT TO THE MINES!

#### FREIGHT TO VIRGINIA CITY!

#### Freight to Bannack City!

#### Freight to Boise City!

#### Freight to Idaho City!

The undersigned is prepared to furnish any amount of Transportation, for

#### ANY AMOUNT OF FREIGHT,

Either by

Male or Ox Teams,

To the above, or other points, with

#### Safety and Dispatch,

And upon

#### REASONABLE TERMS.

Apply at my office, Salt Lake House, first door south of Hotel entrance.

HOWARD LIVINGSTON.

September 2d, 1864. s31f

#### MULES.

I have Fifty Head of

#### Large, Young, and Well Broke AMERICAN MULES,

Which I will exchange for

WHEAT, BARLEY, OATS, FLOUR OR HAY.

Apply at my office, Salt Lake House, first door south of Hotel entrance.

HOWARD LIVINGSTON.

September 2d, 1864. s31f

#### THE

#### DAILY UNION VEDETTE

Book, Card and Job

#### PRINTING

#### OFFICE,

CAMP DOUGLAS, UTAH TER.

THE PIONEER

DAILY NEWSPAPER

#### PRINTING OFFICE

—OF—

UTAH TERRITORY.

Having lately received a large and complete

Assortment of Job Type,

—AND—

Printing Material

We are now prepared to execute all kinds of

#### PLAIN, FANCY & ORNAMENTAL

#### PRINTING,

SUCH AS

POSTERS,

HAND BILLS,

BALL TICKETS,

LETTER HEADS,

MINING CERTIFICATES,

PROGRAMMES,

WAY-BILLS,

CIRCULARS,

CHECKS,

DRAFTS,

NOTES,

CARDS,

ETC., ETC.

And can successfully compete in price, style, and promptness with any establishment west of the Rocky, or east of the Sierra Nevada Mountains, and we guarantee satisfaction with every order.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

Specimens of work may be seen at the "Daily Union Vedette," Printing Office, Camp Douglas.

#### OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY.

TO VIRGINIA CITY, NEV. TER., IN FIVE DAYS.

The Overland Mail Company, carrying the

#### United States Mail

FROM

Salt Lake to Virginia City, N. T.,

Forms in connection with the Overland Stage, East, and the Pioneer Stage Co., West, the

#### GREAT OVERLAND MAIL LINE

BETWEEN

Atchinson, Kansas, and Placer-

ville, California,

And a perfect line of communication between the

#### ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC COASTS

The coaches of this line are

Neat and Commodious,

And special attention is paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers.

The Trip from

Salt Lake City to Virginia, N. T.,

Is made

#### INSIDE OF FIVE DAYS;

Thence by rapid means of conveyance to Placer-ville, Sacramento and San Francisco, making the through trip

#### INSIDE OF SEVEN DAYS.

Coach's Leave Salt Lake City,

#### EVERY DAY,

AT EIGHT O'CLOCK, A. M.

H. S. RUMFIELD, Agent.

Great Salt Lake City, July 1st, 1864. s151f

#### OVERLAND STAGE LINE

BEN HOLLADAY, Proprietor.

Carrying the great through mail between the

#### Atlantic and Pacific States.

This Line is now running

#### DAILY COACHES

In connection with the

#### OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY,

To and from Atchinson, Kansas, and Placer-

ville, California, through Salt Lake City.

Coaches for Atchinson leave every day at 4 A. M.

#### A Treasure and Freight Express

Carried weekly between

#### SALT LAKE AND ATCHINSON,

In charge of the most Competent and Trust-worthy Messengers.

This Line also runs

#### TRI-WEEKLY COACHES,

Carrying Passengers, Mails and Express mail between Salt Lake City and Virginia City, Montana, via. East Bannack City. Also, a

#### TRI-WEEKLY LINE

Between Walla Walla, Oregon, and Salt Lake City, via. Boise City, Idaho City, Idaho.

Time to Denver, Six days

Time to Atchinson, Twelve days

W. L. HALSEY, Agent